# Package 'qsvaR'

October 30, 2025

**Title** Generate Quality Surrogate Variable Analysis for Degradation Correction

**Version** 1.15.0 **Date** 2025-09-29

**Description** The qsvaR package contains functions for removing the effect of degration in rna-seq data from postmortem brain tissue. The package is equipped to help users generate principal components associated with degradation. The components can be used in differential expression analysis to remove the effects of degradation.

License Artistic-2.0

URL https://github.com/LieberInstitute/qsvaR

BugReports https://support.bioconductor.org/t/qsvaR

**biocViews** Software, WorkflowStep, Normalization, BiologicalQuestion, DifferentialExpression, Sequencing, Coverage

**Encoding** UTF-8

**Roxygen** list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

**Suggests** BiocFileCache, BiocStyle, covr, knitr, limma, RefManageR, rmarkdown, sessioninfo, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

Imports dplyr, sva, stats, ggplot2, rlang, methods

**Depends** R (>= 4.2), SummarizedExperiment

LazyData true

VignetteBuilder knitr

git\_url https://git.bioconductor.org/packages/qsvaR

git\_branch devel

git\_last\_commit 834d31e

git\_last\_commit\_date 2025-10-29

Repository Bioconductor 3.23

2 degradation\_tstats

## Date/Publication 2025-10-30

```
Author Joshua Stolz [aut] (ORCID: <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5694-5247">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5694-5247</a>),

Hedia Tnani [ctb] (ORCID: <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0380-9740">https://orcid.org/0000-0003-0140-0002-0380-9740</a>),

Leonardo Collado-Torres [ctb] (ORCID: <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2140-308X">https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2140-308X</a>),

Nicholas J. Eagles [aut, cre] (ORCID: <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9808-5254">https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9808-5254</a>)
```

Maintainer Nicholas J. Eagles <nickeagles77@gmail.com>

# **Contents**

	degradation_tstats	2
	DEqual	3
	getDegTx	2
	getPCs	4
	get_qsvs	4
	k_qsvs	
	normalize_tx_names	7
	qSVA	7
	rse_tx	8
	select_transcripts	8
	transcripts	9
	which_tx_names	10
Index		11

## Description

These t-statistics are derived from the degradation timepoints data built into qsvaR. They are the results from multiple models where we determined the association of transcripts with degradation time adjusting for brain region (so parallel degradation effects across brain regions). They are used for plotting in DEqual().

#### **Format**

A data.frame() with the t statistics for degradation time. The rownames() are the GENCODE transcript IDs.

## See Also

**DEqual** 

DEqual 3

DEqual

Differential expression quality (DEqual) plot

## **Description**

A DEqual plot compares the effect of RNA degradation from an independent degradation experiment on the y axis to the effect of the outcome of interest. They were originally described by Jaffe et al, PNAS, 2017 https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1617384114. Other DEqual versions are included in Collado-Torres et al, Neuron, 2019 https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neuron.2019.05.013. This function compares your t-statistics of interest computed on transcripts against the t-statistics from degradation time adjusting for the six brain regions from degradation experiment data used for determining rse\_tx.

## Usage

```
DEqual(
   DE,
   deg_tstats = qsvaR::degradation_tstats,
   show.legend = TRUE,
   show.cor = c("caption", "corner-top", "corner-bottom", "none"),
   font.size = 12,
   cor.size = font.size/2,
   cor.label = "cor: "
)
```

## **Arguments**

DE	a data.frame() with a column "t" containing the t-statistics from Differential Expression, typically generated with limma::topTable(). rownames(DE) must have transcript Ensembl/Gencode IDs.
deg_tstats	an optional data.frame() with a column "t" containing t-statistics resulted from a degradation experiment. Default is the internal qsvaR::degradation_tstats from the package authors.
show.legend	logical (default TRUE) to show legend in the plot
show.cor	specify where to show the correlation value. Can be one of "caption", "cornertop", "corner-bottom", or "none".
font.size	numeric value to set the base font size of the plot
cor.size	numeric (default font.size/2) to set the font size for the correlation text
cor.label	character (default "cor: ") to set the text preceding the correlation value

#### Value

a ggplot object of the DE t-statistic vs the DE statistic from degradation

4 getDegTx

## **Examples**

```
## Random differential expression t-statistics for the same transcripts
## we have degradation t-statistics for in `degradation_tstats`.
set.seed(101)
random_de <- data.frame(
    t = rt(nrow(degradation_tstats), 5),
    row.names = sample(
        rownames(degradation_tstats),
        nrow(degradation_tstats)
    )
)

## Create the DEqual plot
DEqual(random_de)</pre>
```

getDegTx

Obtain expression matrix for degraded transcripts

## **Description**

This function is used to obtain a RangedSummarizedExperiment-class of transcripts and their expression values #' These transcripts are selected based on a prior study of RNA degradation in postmortem brain tissues. This object can later be used to obtain the principle components necessary to remove the effect of degradation in differential expression.

## **Usage**

```
getDegTx(
    rse_tx,
    sig_transcripts = select_transcripts(),
    assayname = "tpm",
    verbose = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

rse\_tx A RangedSummarizedExperiment-class object containing the transcript data desired to be studied.

sig\_transcripts

A character() vector of transcripts that should be associated with degradation,

expected to be present in rownames(rse\_tx).

assayname character string specifying the name of the assay desired in rse\_tx

verbose specify if the function should report how many model transcripts were matched

## Value

A RangedSummarizedExperiment-class object.

getPCs 5

## **Examples**

```
degTx <- getDegTx(rse_tx)</pre>
```

getPCs

PCs from transcripts

## **Description**

This function returns the pcs from the obtained RangedSummarizedExperiment object of selected transcripts

## Usage

```
getPCs(rse_tx, assayname = "tpm")
```

# **Arguments**

rse\_tx Ranged Summarizeed Experiment with only transsripts selected for qsva assayname character string specifying the name of the assay desired in rse\_tx

## Value

prcomp object generated by taking the pcs of degraded transcripts

# **Examples**

```
getPCs(rse_tx, "tpm")
```

get\_qsvs

Generate matrix of qsvs

## **Description**

Using the pcs and the k number of components be included, we generate the qsva matrix.

# Usage

```
get_qsvs(qsvPCs, k)
```

# **Arguments**

qsvPCs prcomp object generated by taking the pcs of degraded transcripts k number of qsvs to be included.

 $k_{qsvs}$ 

#### Value

matrix with k principal components for each sample.

## **Examples**

```
qsv <- getPCs(rse_tx, "tpm")
get_qsvs(qsv, 2)</pre>
```

k\_qsvs

Apply num.sv algorithm to determine the number of pcs to be included

## **Description**

Apply num.sv algorithm to determine the number of pcs to be included

## Usage

```
k_qsvs(rse_tx, mod, assayname)
```

# **Arguments**

rse\_tx A RangedSummarizedExperiment-class object containing the transcript data de-

sired to be studied.

mod Model Matrix with necessary variables the you would model for in differential

expression

assayname character string specifying the name of the assay desired in rse\_tx

#### Value

integer representing number of pcs to be included

## **Examples**

normalize\_tx\_names 7

normalize\_tx\_names

Remove version number from Gencode/Ensembl transcript names

## **Description**

This function removes the Gencode/ENSEMBL version from the transcript ID, while protecting \_PAR\_Y suffixes if present

# Usage

```
normalize_tx_names(txnames)
```

## **Arguments**

txnames

A character() vector of GENCODE or ENSEMBL transcript IDs

#### Value

A character() vector of transcript names without versioning

#### **Examples**

```
ensIDs <- normalize_tx_names(rownames(rse_tx))</pre>
```

qSVA

A wrapper function used to perform qSVA in one step.

#### **Description**

A wrapper function used to perform qSVA in one step.

# Usage

```
qSVA(rse_tx, sig_transcripts = select_transcripts(), mod, assayname)
```

## Arguments

rse\_tx A RangedSummarizedExperiment-class object containing the transcript data de-

sired to be studied.

sig\_transcripts

A character() vector of transcripts that should be associated with degradation,

expected to be present in rownames(rse\_tx).

mod Model Matrix with necessary variables the you would model for in differential

expression.

assayname character string specifying the name of the assay desired in rse\_tx

8 select\_transcripts

#### Value

matrix with k principal components for each sample

#### **Examples**

rse\_tx

Example of RSE object with RNA-seq transcript quantification data

## **Description**

This data is a RangedSummarizedExperiment-class with transcript quantification data stored in an "tpm" assay. It is used to demonstrate the use of qsvaR in bulk RNA-seq data.

## Format

A RangedSummarizedExperiment-class

#### See Also

```
getPCs k_qsvs getDegTx qSVA
```

select\_transcripts

Select transcripts associated with degradation

# Description

Helper function to select which experimental model(s) will be used to generate the qSVs. Degradation-associated transcripts are derived in four different models (transcripts). The cell\_component parameter controls whether the models with cell-type proportions are included. This function extract the top top\_n transcripts found to be significant in each considered model, then returns the union of transcripts across all considered models. Up to 10,000 transcripts are available to select from each model prior to taking the union.

transcripts 9

## Usage

```
select_transcripts(top_n = 1000, cell_component = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

top\_n An integer(1) specifying how many significant transcripts to extract from each

model prior to taking a union across models.

cell\_component A logical(1). If FALSE, only include transcripts from the main and interaction

models (see main\_model and int\_model here: transcripts). If TRUE, additionally include main and interaction models that include cell-type proportions (a total

of 4 models).

#### Value

A character() with the transcript IDs.

# **Examples**

```
## Default set of transcripts associated with degradation
sig_transcripts <- select_transcripts()
length(sig_transcripts)
head(sig_transcripts)

## Select more transcripts if desired
length(select_transcripts(top_n = 5000))</pre>
```

transcripts

Transcripts for Degradation Models

#### **Description**

This object is a list of four tibbles where each element corresponds to the top 10,000 transcripts (by significance) and their adjusted p-values for a given degradation model. The main\_model model is a linear model modelling expression against a sample's degradation time, with brain region as a covariate. The int\_model model is similar but includes an interaction term with degradation time and brain region. The cell\_main\_model and cell\_int\_model models are like the respective main\_model and int\_model models, but including cell-type fractions from deconvolution as linear terms.

## Usage

transcripts

#### **Format**

A list() of tibble()s containing the transcripts and adjusted p-values selected by each model. Each string is a GENCODE transcript IDs.

10 which\_tx\_names

## See Also

select\_transcripts

which_tx_names Check validity of transcript vectors and return a vector matching in dexes in tx1		vectors and return a vector matching in-
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--	------------------------------------------

# Description

This function is used to check if tx1 and tx2 are GENCODE or ENSEMBL transcript IDs and return an integer vector of tx1 transcript indexes that are in tx2.

# Usage

```
which_tx_names(txnames, sig_tx)
```

# Arguments

txnames A character() vector of GENCODE or ENSEMBL transcript IDs.

sig\_tx A character() vector of GENCODE or ENSEMBL signature transcript IDs.

## Value

A integer() vector of txnames transcript indexes in sig\_tx.

# Examples

```
sig_tx <- select_transcripts(cell_component = TRUE)
whichTx <- which_tx_names(rownames(rse_tx), sig_tx)</pre>
```

# **Index**

```
\ast datasets
     degradation\_tstats, 2
     rse_tx,8
     {\tt transcripts}, {\color{red} 9}
{\tt degradation\_tstats}, {\color{red} 2}
DEqual, 2, 3
get_qsvs, 5
getDegTx, 4, 8
getPCs, 5, 8
k_qsvs, 6, 8
normalize_tx_names, 7
qSVA, 7, 8
RangedSummarizedExperiment-class, 4,
rse_tx, 8
select_transcripts, 8, 10
transcripts, 8, 9, 9
which\_tx\_names, \\ \frac{10}{}
```